

Prof. Dr. Christian Wolkersdorfer
Chair in Mine Water Remediation & Management

TRACER TEST IN A SETTLING POND

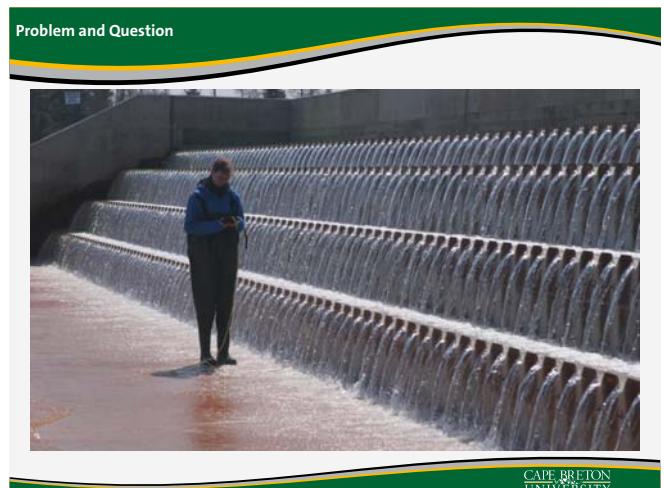
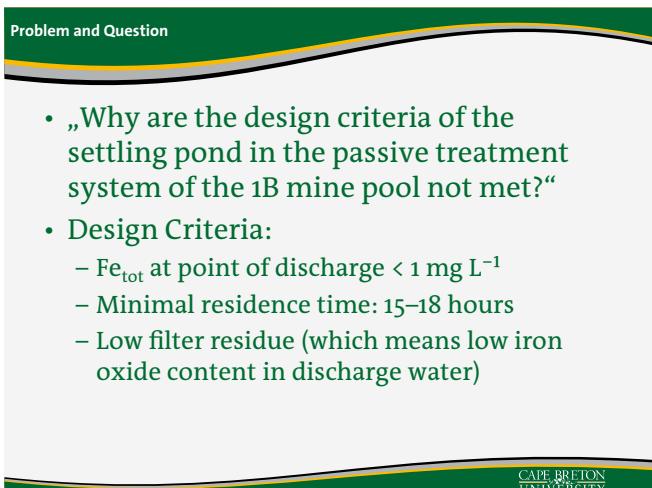
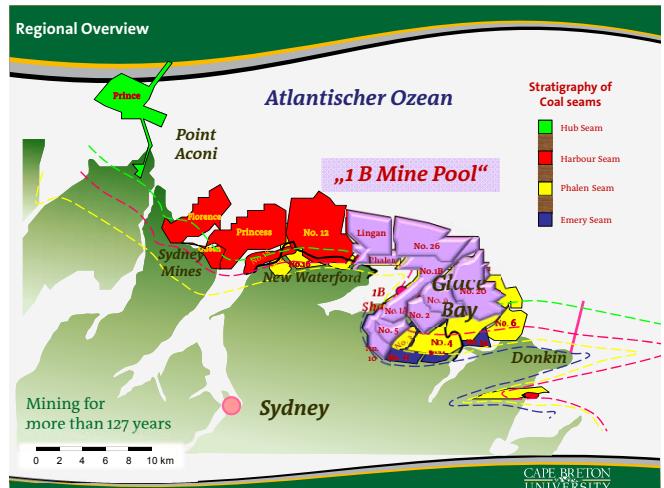
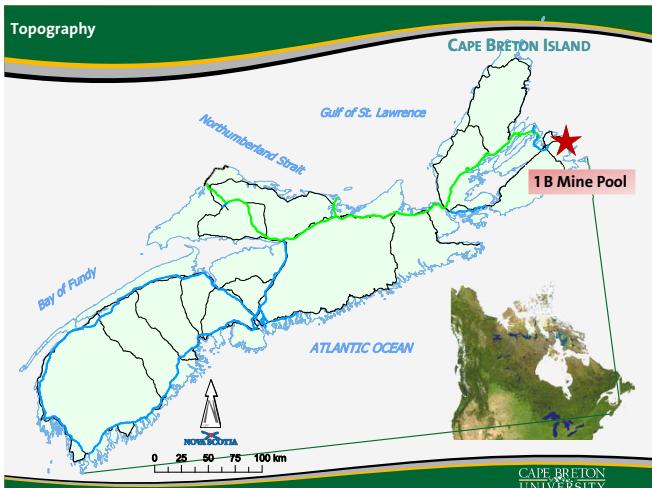
The Passive Mine Water Treatment Plant of
the 1B Mine Pool
Nova Scotia, Canada

Content

- Topography
- Problem
- Results
- Interpretation
- Conclusions



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Problem and Question



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Parameter	Inflow	Outflow	Units
Fe _{tot}	6.0	3.3	mg L ⁻¹
Mn	8.0	7.6	mg L ⁻¹
Al	1.1	0.6	mg L ⁻¹
O ₂	42.5	94.5	%
pH	7.7	7.0	mg L ⁻¹
k _B ('acidity')	1.4	0.22	mmol L ⁻¹

Data from April and May 2009
n = 9; O₂: n = 24

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Problem and Question

- Neville Street Pump Field
 - 10 wells in the northern and southern field
 - 5 wells in the western field (not used)
- Characteristics of the 1 B Mine Pool
 - 76 million m³ of total mine water
 - Mean pump rate 7–11 m³ / min
 - Mine water level is 5 m below seal level
 - Set up ensures that no uncontrolled mine water discharges into the marine environment occur

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Problem and Question

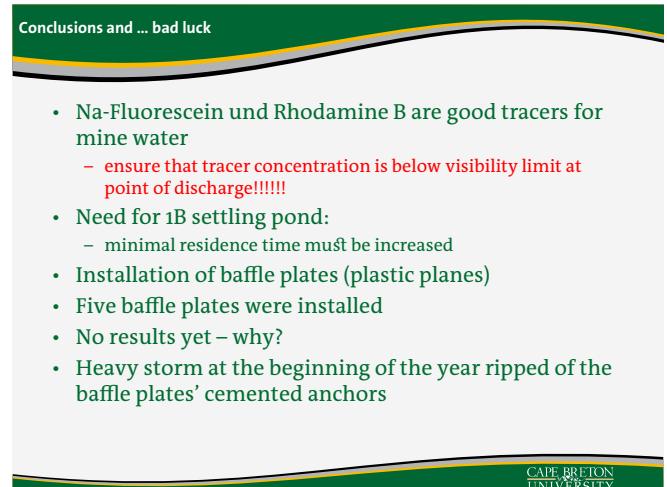
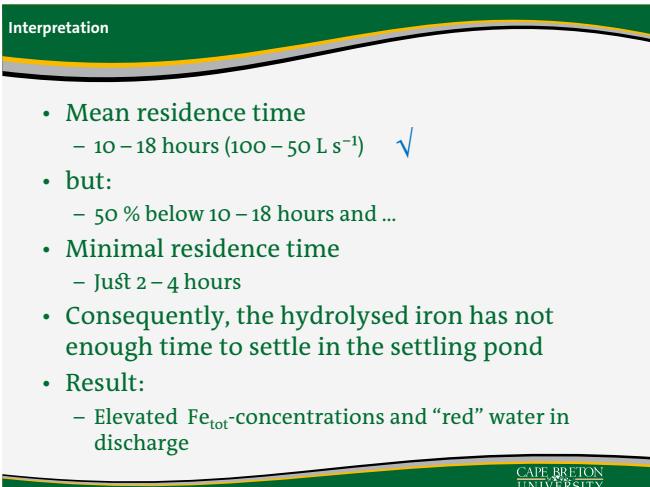
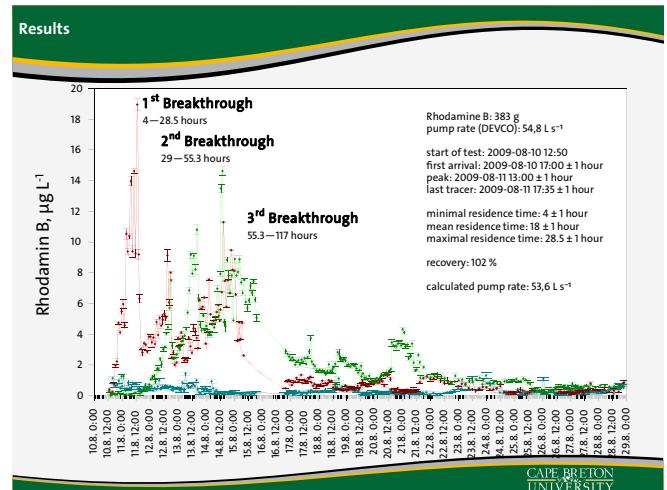
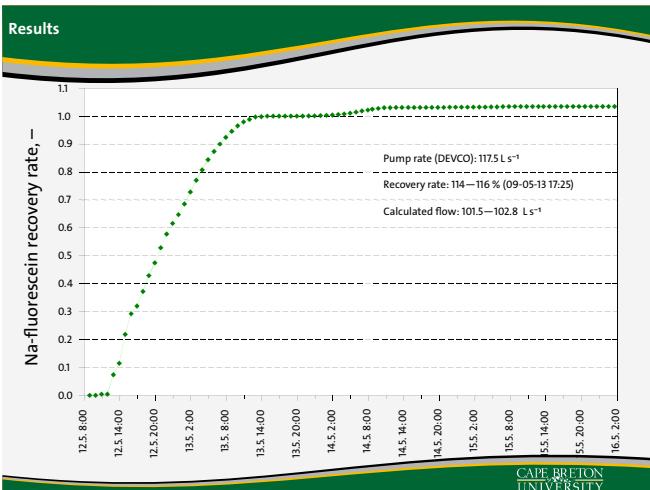
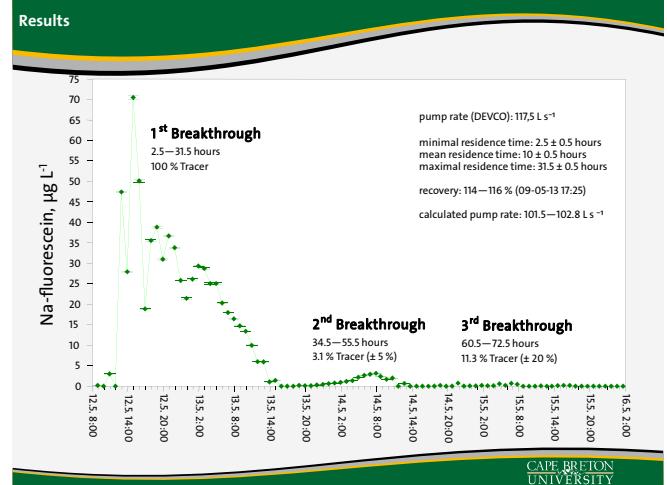
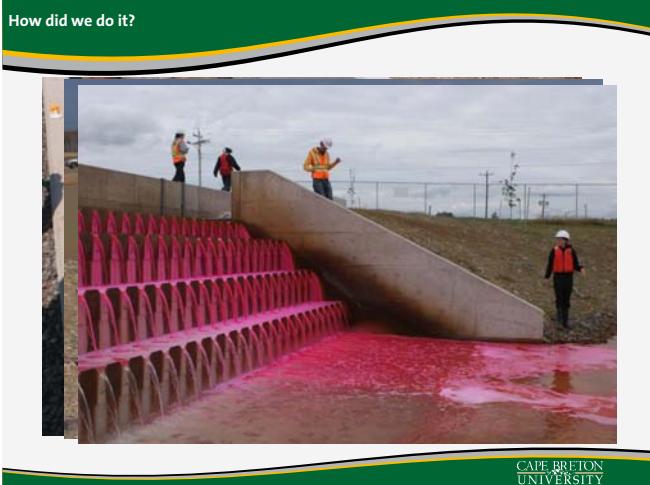


1 B Schacht November 1994
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Methods

- Two independent tracer tests
 - 1: 250 g Na-Fluorescein ("Uranine") ↪ Cascade
 - 2: 250 g Rhodamine B ↪ Cascade & 500 g Na-Fluorescein ↪ well
 - Dirac impulse injection
- Measurements
 - On-site Fluorimeter
 - Laboratory (Spectro-fluorimeter)
 - On-Site-Parameters (e.g. pH, k_B, k_A, RedOx, O₂)

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The End!

